

PENERAPAN METODE KARYAWISATA BAGI PEMBELAJARAN ANAK USIA DINI

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Abstract: *this paper describes the application of field trips for early childhood learning. One of the most important elements in education includes PAUD is an educator or teacher who has professional competence, pedagogical competence, personality competence and social competence. In Undang-undang Nomor 14 tahun 2005 concerning Teachers and lecturers it is stated that teachers are professional educators with the main task of educating, teaching, guiding, directing, training, evaluating, and evaluating students in early childhood education in formal education, basic education, and secondary education. In conjunction with teaching and learning activities, the notion of tourism is that students will learn an object where the object is located. Thus, what is called work actually is meant to learn something. Tourism is a method of pursuit carried out by inviting students to visit an event or place that has something to do with something discussed. The method of tourism is a way of presenting learning material by bringing students directly to the object being studied, and the object is outside the class. Thus, what is called work actually is meant to learn something.*

Keywords: *Fieldwork Methods, Early Childhood Education*

PENDAHULUAN

Pendidikan Nasional berfungsi mengembangkan kemampuan dan membentuk watak serta peradaban bangsa yang bermartabat dalam rangka mencerdaskan kehidupan bangsa, bertujuan untuk berkembangnya potensi peserta didik agar menjadi manusia yang beriman dan bertakwa kepada Tuhan Yang Maha Esa, berakhlak mulia, sehat, berilmu, cakap, kreatif, mandiri, dan menjadi warga negara yang demokratis serta bertanggung

jawab.(UU RI No. 20 tahun 2003 tentang Sistem Pendidikan Nasional, Pasal 3). Berdasarkan rumusan hakikat pendidikan yang tercantum dalam Undang-Undang Nomor 20 Tahun 2003 tersebut dapat dikatakan bahwa pendidikan merupakan sarana yang utama dan terpenting dalam membangun bangsa dan negara melalui pembangunan karakter generasi muda. Untuk itu Pendidikan Anak Usia Dini (PAUD) hadir sebagai sarana untuk mewujudkan tujuan pendidikan yang mulia itu. Dalam Permendikbud nomor 146 Pasal 1 dikemukakan bahwa :